Autumn Term

GENRE DURATION	Fact Files 2 weeks	Adventure Stories 2-3 weeks	Diary writing 2 weeks	Narrative - stories with historical settings 2-3 weeks	Persuasive writing 2 weeks
POSSIBLE TEXTS AND TOPICS	Stone Age Boy Texts about the Stone Age	Stone Age Boy	Stone Age Boy Examples of diary entries	Stone Age Boy	Akimo and the snakes Travel brochures/leaflets/ adverts
VOCABULARY, GRAMMAR, PUNCTUATION AND SPELLING OBJECTIVES	 expressing time, place and cause using: conjunctions (e.g. when, before, after, while, so, because) Revise from Year 2: Apostrophes for contractions Revise suffixes from Year 2 ('-s', '-es', '-er', '-ed', '-ing') Revise prefix 'un-' Teach prefix 'dis-' (disappoint, disagree, disobey) 	Y2 revision of expanded noun phrases for description use of the forms a or an according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or a vowel (e.g. a rock, an open box) introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material Learn Strategies for learning words: Words from statutory and personal spelling lists Rarer GPCs: words with the /eɪ/ sound spelt 'ei' (vein), 'eigh' (eight), 'aigh' (straight) or 'ey' (they)	Y2 revision of commas to separate items in a list expressing time, place and cause using: adverbs (e.g. then, next, soon, therefore) use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past (e.g. he has gone out to play contrasted with he went out to play) Strategies for learning words: words from statutory and personal spelling lists Homophones (brake/break, grate/great, eight/ate, weight/wait, son/sun)	 introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material introduction to inverted commas to punctuate direct speech Y2 revision of sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command Prefixes 'mis-' and 're-' Strategies for learning words: words from statutory and personal spelling lists 	 introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material headings and subheadings to aid presentation word families based on common words The /I/ sound spelt 'y' Words ending with the /g/ sound spelt '-gue' and the /k/ sound spelt '-que' (French in origin) Proofreading
OUTCOMES:	An informative fact file on an aspect of Stone Age life	An adventure story	Diary entry from the point of view of the main character/Day in the life of a Stone Age boy/girl	Alternative endings to class novel	Persuasive poster/leaflet (visit to Africa)

Autumn cont.

GENRE	Fact files	Narrative - Adventure stories
DURATION POSSIBLE TEXTS AND TOPICS	2 weeks Akimbo and the snakes	2-3 weeks Akimbo and the snakes
VOCABULARY, GRAMMAR, PUNCTUATION AND SPELLING OBJECTIVES	words with the prefixes un and dis to have an introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material to use headings and sub-headings to aid presentation I can use a range of punctuation	words with the prefixes in and im I can select words for effect I can identify how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning I can organise paragraphs around a theme
OUTCOMES:	An informative fact file on an animal you would find in a reptile house	An adventure story set in Africa based around an escaped reptile eg snake

Spring Term

GENRE DURATION	Non-chronological reports 2 weeks	Dilemma stories 2-3 weeks	Recounts (including newspaper reports) 2 weeks	Myths and legends 2-3 weeks
POSSIBLE TEXTS AND TOPICS	Bill's New Frock	Bill's New Frock	Diary of a Killer Cat	Diary of a Killer Cat
VOCABULARY, GRAMMAR, PUNCTUATION AND SPELLING OBJECTIVES	 introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material headings and sub-headings to aid presentation expressing time, place and cause using prepositions (e.g. before, after, during, in, because of) Revise from Year 2: suffixes 'ness' and '-ful' following a consonant Prefixes 'sub-' and 'tele-' 	 introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material introduction to inverted commas to punctuate direct speech Y2 revision of apostrophes to mark singular possessions in nouns expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions Words with the /ʃ/ sound spelt 'ch' (mostly French in origin) as well as 's', 'ss(ion/ure') Suffixes '-less' and '-ly' 	 expressing time, place and cause using adverbs introduction to inverted commas to punctuate direct speech Y2 revision of formation of nouns using suffixes such as -ness, -er Prefixes 'super-' and 'auto-' Strategies for learning words: words from statutory and personal spelling lists 	use of the forms a or an according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or a vowel (e.g. a rock, an open box) introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past (e.g. he has gone out to play contrasted with he went out to play) Words with the /k/ sound spelt 'ch' (Greek in origin) Proofreading
OUTCOMES:	A non-chronological report	A story with a dilemma and a resolution.	First person recount about an experience A well organised and detailed newspaper report	A myth with a beginning, middle and end.

Summer Term

GENRE DURATION	Character Profiles 2 weeks	Poetry 1 week	Letters 2 weeks	Narrative 2 - 3 weeks	Recipes and instructions 2 weeks
POSSIBLE TEXTS AND TOPICS	The HodgeHeg	The HodgeHeg	The HodgeHeg	The HodgeHeg	The HodgeHeg
VOCABULARY, GRAMMAR, PUNCTUATION AND SPELLING OBJECTIVES	 formation of nouns using a range of prefixes, such as super-, anti, auto-expressing time, place and cause using prepositions (e.g. before, after, during, in, because of) Revise Previously taught suffixes ('ed', '-ing', '-s', '-es', '-ness', '-ful', '-less' and 'ly') Suffix '-ly' with root words ending in 'le' and 'ic' 	use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past (e.g. he has gone out to play contrasted with he went out to play) Revise from Year 2: Apostrophes for contractions Rare GPCs (/I/ sound)	 expressing time, place and cause using: conjunctions (e.g. when, before, after, while, so, because) introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material Strategies for learning words: words from statutory and personal spelling lists Revise From Years 1 and 2: vowel digraphs 	 use of the forms a or an according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or a vowel introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material introduction to inverted commas to punctuate direct speech The /n/ sound spelt 'ou' Homophones (including heel/heal/he'll, plain/plane, groan/grown and rain/rein/reign) 	 expressing time, place and cause using: adverbs (e.g. then, next, soon, therefore) headings and subheadings to aid presentation Strategies for learning words: words from statutory and personal spelling lists Revise Aspects from this half term
OUTCOMES:	Descriptive profile of one of the main characters from <i>The Hodgeheg</i>	Limericks	To write a letter a letter to the Hodgeheg	Part of the class novel rewritten from a different perspective	